Fluid Control Equipment
Proportional Control Valve

KFPV050 • KFPV300 Series

Large proportional control valve lineup!

Three Advanced Features!
- Stepless variable control of gases and liquids
- High-precision hysteresis (1/2 that of previous models)
- Initial setting possible without external input

Koganei brand
All products are RoHS directive compliant

Gas, liquid media adjusters
Fluid Control Equipment
Proportional Control Valves KFPV050•KFPV300 Series

In combination with a special controller, input signal size can be changed, which enables seamless flow rate adjustment and highly accurate control of air, liquids, and other types of media.

- Enabling a seamless control of gas and liquid flow rates, it is a single unit with dual functions.
- High accuracy, high quality, and high response.

Proportional Control Valves
KFPV300 Series
Rc3/8, Rc1/2
Note: Direct Acting 2-port Valve, Plunger type
Note: Piping connection port diameter depends on orifice diameter.

Air flow rate control that is approximately 6 times greater than that of the KFPV050 series.
Note: Under Koganei measurement conditions.

Proportional Control Valves
KFPV050 Series
Rc1/4 Direct Acting 2-port Valve, Plunger type

Large flow rate!

Adjustable wiring
Greater freedom in wiring and design makes it easier to respond to equipment and device mounting conditions.

Environmentally friendly RoHS compliant product!

NEW

Highly efficient environmental protection technology, all RoHS compliant products!

In combination with the KFPC1 controller, it provides the following high-level specifications (under Koganei test conditions): repeatability 2% F.S. or less, response accuracy: 2% F.S. or less, low hysteresis: 5%F.S. or less.

KFPV050 series
KFPV300 series
KFPV050 series
KFPV300 series

CAUTION Read the safety precautions on page 3 before using this product.
Proportional control valve controller KFPC1

- With a circuit that supports default settings!
  Initialization can be performed without external input.
- Highly reliable controller
  ● Reference input signal 4 to 20 mA, 0 to 10V.
  ● In order to mitigate wide fluctuations of the reference input signal, the ramp response time can be adjusted within a range of 0 to 10 seconds.
  ● Monitor signal for display of settings and solenoid flow rate values.
  ● Zero point switch off function completely seals the valve.
  ● Built-in temperature compensation circuit.
  ● Two potentiometers set valve opening points and fully open flow rate values to match usage conditions.
  ● LED monitor.

Example connection circuit configuration

Note: For information about valve driver current values (reference values), refer to the instruction manual that comes with the controller.

Example of use

- Water flow rate control
  The KFPV050 series and KFPV300 series allows seamless control of the flow rate in accordance with changes in the input signal size.
  Now a single control valve can perform multiple-level flow control that normally requires multiple ON/OFF type solenoid valves.

- 2-liquid mixture
  Mixes liquids A & B at a constant rate.

- Other
  - Cylinder speed control
  - Auto adjustment of ionizer air flow rate in accordance with workpiece type and size.
3. Critical safety components in mechanical devices

This product has not been planned or designed for purposes other than those described above. While the product is in operation, avoid touching it with your hands or otherwise approaching too close. Also, do not attempt to make any adjustments to internal or attached mechanisms, or to perform any type of adjustment (detaching connectors for wires, disconnecting tubes or sealed plugs, etc.) while the product is in operation. Doing so can cause abnormal operations and other problems with the product and devices, creating the risk of personal injury.

Do not use the product for the purposes listed below:
1. Medical equipment related to maintenance or management of human lives or bodies
2. Machines or equipment designed for the purpose of moving or transporting people
3. Critical safety components in mechanical devices
4. Food and drink dispensers, and more

This product has not been planned or designed for purposes that require high levels of safety. Using the product in any of the ways described above creates the risk of loss of human life.

Do not use the product in excess of its specification range. Doing so creates the risk of product breakdown, erratic operation, or damage.

The media that can be used is air, neutral gas, water, and gases that do not affect component parts. Media other than those above creates the risk of sudden loss of performance or shortened service life. Contact Koganei before using other media. Use of corrosive media, in particular, creates the risk of personal injury, electric shock, fire, and other problems due to proportional control valve stress corrosion cracking, etc.

Before supplying media or electricity to the device and before starting operation, always conduct a safety check of the area where the machine is operating. Unintentional supply of media or electricity creates the risk of electric shock or injury due to contact with moving parts.

Do not touch terminals or switches while the power is turned on. Doing so creates the risk of electric shock and abnormal operation.

Do not allow lead wires and other cords to become damaged. Allowing a cord to become damaged, bent excessively, pulled, rolled up, placed under heavy objects, or squeezed between two objects creates the risk of current leaks or defective continuity that can lead to fire, electric shock, or abnormal operation.

Do not connect or disconnect connectors while the power is turned on. Also, never apply unnecessary force to connectors. Doing so creates the risk of personal injury, device damage, and electric shock due to abnormal machine operation.

Always check the catalog and other reference materials for correct product wiring and piping. Improper wiring or piping creates the risk of damage to and abnormal operation of the actuator.

When the product has been idle for over 48 hours or has been in storage, it is possible that the contacting parts may have become stuck leading to operating delays or sudden movements. Before these initial operations, always run a test to check that operating performance is normal.

When the device has not been used for long periods (over 30 days), it is possible that the contacting parts may have become stuck leading to slow operation or sudden movements. Check for proper operation a minimum of once every 30 days.
Do not use proportional control valves or the wiring that controls them in locations subject to surges or near strong magnetic fields or power lines through which large electric currents flow. It could result in unintended operation.

When a proportional control valve is turned off, it may generate a surge voltage or an electromagnetic wave that affects the operation of surrounding equipment. Use surge-protected solenoids and use countermeasures for electromagnetic waves and surges to electric circuits.

Do not use the product near the ocean, in direct sunlight, near mercury vapor lamps, or near equipment that generates ozone. Deterioration of rubber parts caused by ozone may reduce performance and functions or stop functions.

Do not sit on the product, place your foot on it, or place other objects on it. Doing so creates the risk of injury due to tripping or the product tipping over or falling, resulting in product damage and abnormal, erratic, or runaway operation.

Leave all maintenance, inspection, repair, piping (attachment, detachment, replacement) or similar work up to personnel who have sufficient knowledge and experience in the applicable products, media, media control systems, etc. When performing work, be sure to totally turn off media supply and also note the points below.

1. In the case of gas, make sure to confirm that pressure inside the product and piping connected to the product is zero. In particular, be aware that residual air will still be in the air compressor or air storage tank. The actuator may move abruptly if residual air pressure remains inside the piping, causing injury.

2. In the case of liquid, remove all liquid from inside the product and piping. Corrosive media, in particular, creates the risk of chemical burns and contamination of the surrounding area.

3. In the case of high-temperature media, observe the precautions above and also make sure that the valve has cooled sufficiently. Unintentional contact creates the risk of burn injuries.

When using an antifrost heater or heat insulation material to keep the product warm, use it on the main part of the product and not on the solenoid. Coil burnout creates the risk of electric shock, fire, and abnormal operation.

Use of this product under the conditions described below comes under the jurisdiction of Japan's High Pressure Gas Safety Act. Note that violations by individuals or corporations are punishable by law.

Use of compressed gas with a gauge pressure of 1 MPa [145 psig] or greater under normal temperature or use of gas with a pressure of 1 MPa [145 psig] under conditions converted to a temperature of 35°C [95°F] (acetylene gas and liquefied gas are subjected to even stricter standards).

For details, refer to the High Pressure Gas Safety Act.

When installing a proportional control valve in the control anel or when the energizing time is long, use countermeasures for heat dissipation so that the ambient temperature of the proportional control valve is always within the specified temperature range. In particular, note that continual charging of a proportional control valve that is fully open can cause an increase in resistance due to a rise in solenoid temperature, and loss of function of the temperature compensation circuit, which stabilizes the flow rate.

Long-term continuous charging can make the coil hot. Unintentional contact creates the risk of burn injuries.

After completing wiring work, check to make sure that all connections are correct before turning on the power.

Design devices so fluid control equipment is not operated by an emergency stop, power outage, or other system abnormality, and so there is no chance of damage or personal injury even upon return to the non-energized state.

Do not use the product in locations subject to direct sunlight (ultraviolet radiation); in locations subjected to high temperature or humidity; in locations where dust, salt, or iron particles are present; or in locations with media and/or an ambient atmosphere that includes organic solvents, phosphate ester type hydraulic oil, sulfur dioxide gas, chlorine gas, acids, etc. It could lead to early shutdown of some functions, a sudden degradation of performance, and a reduced operating life. For information about materials, see Major Parts and Materials.

When mounting the product, leave room for adequate working space around it. Failure to do so will make it more difficult to conduct daily inspections or maintenance, which could eventually lead to system shutdown or damage to the product.

When transporting or mounting a heavy product, firmly support the product using a lift or support, or use multiple people to ensure personal safety.

Do not bring any magnetic media or memory within one meter of energized proportional control valves. Doing so creates the risk of damage to data on the magnetic media due to magnetism.

Do not use a proportional control valve in locations subject to large electric currents or strong magnetic fields. It could result in erratic operation.

Oil from the compressor (with the exception of oil-free compressors) may dramatically decrease the product's capabilities or cause the functions to stop. Be sure to remove oil from the air by installing a mist filter preceding the pneumatic equipment.

When the media is liquid, provide a relief valve on the circuit to prevent a liquid seal around the circuit. Failure to do so can result in the valve not being able to open.

Whenever considering use of this product in situations or environments not specifically noted in the catalog or in manuals, or in applications where safety is an important requirement such as in aircraft facilities, combustion equipment, leisure equipment, safety equipment, and other places where human life or assets may be greatly affected, take adequate safety precautions such as allowing plenty of margin for ratings and performance, or fail-safe measures. Contact the sales department at Koganei regarding use in such applications.

Always check the catalog and other reference materials for product wiring and piping.

When handling the product, wear protective gloves, safety glasses, protective mask, safety shoes, and other protective clothing whenever necessary.

When the product can no longer be used or is no longer necessary, dispose of it appropriately as industrial waste.

A proportional control valve can exhibit degraded performance and function over its operating life. Always conduct daily inspections and confirm that all requisite system functions are satisfied to prevent accidents from happening.

Proportional control valves are not completely leak-free. Designs should take into considering the capacity and retention time required for pressure retention within the pressure vessel, etc.

For inquiries about the product, consult your nearest Koganei sales office or the Koganei Overseas Department. The addresses and telephone numbers are shown on the back cover of this catalog.

Always observe the following items.

1. When using this product in a medium control system, use only genuine Koganei parts or compatible parts (recommended parts).

Use only authentic Koganei parts or compatible parts (recommended parts) to do maintenance or repairs. Always observe the prescribed methods and procedures.

2. Never inappropriately disassemble or modify the product in relation to its basic construction, performance, or functions.

Koganei cannot be held responsible for any problems that occur as a result of these safety precautions not being properly observed.
Handling instructions and precautions

**General precautions**

**Mounting and piping**

1. Mounting and piping should be performed by personnel who have sufficient knowledge and experience, using the proper tools.

2. Though there are no restrictions on the mounting direction, the product should be mounted where it will not be directly subjected to strong impact and/or vibration. Mounting with the solenoid facing upwards is recommended in order to avoid accumulation of contaminants, etc.

3. Before installing piping, thoroughly flush the inside of the pipes (with compressed air) or blow with an air blower. Make sure that machining chips, sealing tape, rust and other debris does not get into the pipes.

4. Provide filters or strainers near proportional control valves to remove dirt from the media. Dirt accumulation inside a proportional control valve can cause malfunction and damage. Normally use a filter or strainer that is 80 to 120 mesh.

5. Watch out for filter or strainer clogging. Clean a strainer whenever its pressure drop reaches 0.1 MPa [15 psi].

6. Check the media flow direction.

7. Seal with sealing tape. When winding sealing tape leave 1.5 or 2 threads of the threaded part visible as shown in the figure below.

When screwing in a pipe or fitting, take care to keep metal chips and seal material from getting into the proportional control valve.

8. When tightening a pipe, fix the metal part of the valve body in place. Do not apply excessive force to the solenoid’s molded resin. Doing so can damage the solenoid.

9. When performing piping work, do not apply outside force to the proportional control valve body. Applying external force can damage the proportional control valve.

10. When screwing pipes or fittings into the proportional control valve, use the appropriate tightening torque shown below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Connecting thread</th>
<th>Tightening torque N-m [in-lbf]</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rc1/4</td>
<td>11.77 to 13.73 [104.176 to 121.524]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rc3/8</td>
<td>21.57 to 23.54 [190.916 to 208.353]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rc1/2</td>
<td>27.46 to 29.42 [243.048 to 260.396]</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

11. Do not loosen and tighten that screws that have adhesive on them that are on top of the proportional control valve. Doing so can damage the proportional control valve.

12. When installing a proportional control valve in the control panel, or when the energizing time is long, provide ventilation and take other measures to ensure heat dissipation.

13. When using the KFPV300 series (φ 6 [0.236], φ 8 [0.315] orifice) with high pressure (0.4 MPa [58 psi] or greater) on the primary side and the secondary side open to atmosphere, do not use with nothing attached (no load) on the secondary side. Some load (pipe resistance) is required on the secondary side.

When using the product in an open atmosphere, do so as shown in the figures below (Example 1, Example 2). However, the pipe lengths shown in the figures below are not required if the end of the primary side pipe is a throttled structure (load applying structure). For details, contact Koganei.

**Atmosphere**

Use in the locations and environments below will cause the proportional control valve to malfunction, and should be avoided. When such use is unavoidable, be sure to provide a cover and take other protective measures.

- Locations where a proportional control valve is directly exposed to water droplets, oil droplets, etc.
- Locations where condensation can form on the proportional control valve.
- Locations where a proportional control valve is directly exposed to machining chips, dust, etc.

**Storage**

After running water through a valve, remove all water remaining inside it before long term storage. Leaving water inside a valve can cause rust, faulty operation, seal material deterioration, and other problems.
Solenoid

1. The direction of the solenoid can be changed.

● KFPV050 series
The solenoid can be moved to any position desired.
Tighten the solenoid lock nut to the torque shown below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Model</th>
<th>Tightening torque N·m [in-lbf]</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>KFPV050</td>
<td>2.8 [24.783]</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

● KFPV300 series
The direction of the solenoid can be changed in 90° increments. Loosen the hex socket head screws ① to ④ and lift up the solenoid. There is no need to pull it out completely. After changing the orientation, temporarily tighten the screws in the following diagonal crossing pattern: ① → ③ → ② → ④. Next, tighten the screws securely. Tighten the solenoid hex socket head screws to the torque shown below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Model</th>
<th>Tightening torque N·m [in-lbf]</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>KFPV300</td>
<td>0.8 [7.081]</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2. Though there are no restrictions on the mounting direction, mounting with the solenoid facing upwards is recommended in order to avoid accumulation of contaminants.

Procedure for connecting cables

1. Electrical connection: When using a DIN connector (KFPZ-39), insert a gasket and connect with the solenoid flat terminal. Keep the cable length within 50 m [164.042 ft].

2. The tightening torque of the DIN connector mounting screw is 0.3 N·m [2.655 in-lbf].

Precautions during use

1. When using media other than that recommended for a valve, it is up to you to consider compatibility between the media and the valve body material, seal material, etc.
   - Rising temperature, increased media density, and use of ultra-pure media creates the risk of accelerated corrosion.
   - Before use, be sure to perform a sample text to determine whether use of a medium is appropriate under actual use conditions.

2. The flow rate and control characteristics depend on usage conditions and setting conditions. When using a valve, test it under your actual control system conditions, and adequately determine response, stability, effectiveness, etc. Note that long-term use at low pressure and a low flow rate at a fixed opening can cause the sliding part to become stuck, resulting in defective operation.
Proportional Control Valves
KFPV050 Series

Rc1/4 Direct Acting 2-port Valve, Plunger type

Use the proportional control valve in combination with the KFPC1 controller. For details about controllers, refer to page 18.

Symbol

Normally closed (NC)

Basic Models and Functions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Model</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Number of positions</td>
<td>2 positions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of ports</td>
<td>2 ports</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Circuit configuration</td>
<td>Normally closed (NC)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Common Specifications

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>KFPV050</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Media</td>
<td>Air, neutral gas, water (other gases and liquids that do not affect component parts)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Seal material</td>
<td>FKM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Material for the body</td>
<td>Brass or stainless steel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Temperature range for media used</td>
<td>-10 ~ 90 [-14 ~ 194] (non-freezing)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operation system</td>
<td>Direct drive type</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ambient temperature range (ambient atmosphere)</td>
<td>0 ~ 55 [32 ~ 131]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Media viscosity</td>
<td>Less than 21 × 10⁻²⁵</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mounting direction</td>
<td>Any</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Protection level</td>
<td>IP65 compliant</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note 1: For information about component part materials, refer to “Internal configuration and major materials” on page 18.
Note 2: Mounting with the solenoid facing upwards is recommended in order to avoid accumulation of contaminants, etc.

Detailed Specifications

Seal Material: FKM

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Port size</th>
<th>Orifice diameter [mm [in]]</th>
<th>Flow rate</th>
<th>Operating pressure differential range [MPa [psi]]</th>
<th>Maximum operating pressure [MPa [psi]]</th>
<th>Rated voltage [V]</th>
<th>Power consumption [W]</th>
<th>Coil current [MAX: mA]</th>
<th>Mass [g [oz]]</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>KFPV050-2-20</td>
<td>Rc1/4</td>
<td>2.0 [0.079]</td>
<td>0.13</td>
<td>2.3</td>
<td>0 ~ 0.7 [0 ~ 102]</td>
<td>3.5 [508]</td>
<td>24 VDC</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KFPV050-2-30</td>
<td>Rc1/4</td>
<td>3.0 [0.118]</td>
<td>0.22</td>
<td>4.0</td>
<td>0 ~ 0.35 [0 ~ 51]</td>
<td>35 [508]</td>
<td>24 VDC</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KFPV050-2-40</td>
<td>Rc1/4</td>
<td>4.0 [0.157]</td>
<td>0.31</td>
<td>5.7</td>
<td>0 ~ 0.22 [0 ~ 29]</td>
<td>35 [508]</td>
<td>24 VDC</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>300</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note 1: For information about orifice diameter selection, refer to the flow rate conversion tables on pages 17 and 18.
Note 2: The working pressure upper limit is the highest pressure that can be applied to the inlet side of the proportional control valve. Above this pressure, valve leaking may occur, even if it is within the working pressure differential range.
Note 3: Allowable voltage fluctuation range: rated voltage ±10%
Inner Construction and Major Parts

![Diagram of valve parts]

### Characteristics

Characteristics when used in combination with controller KFPC1.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>% F.S.</th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hysteresis</td>
<td>Less than 5</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Repeatability</td>
<td>Less than 2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Response accuracy</td>
<td>Less than 2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rangeability</td>
<td>10: 1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: Measurements are taken under Koganei measurement conditions.

Note 1: The characteristic curve to the right shows actual flow rate values with maximum flow rate of 100% measured under Koganei test conditions, relative to the control signal input % (current, voltage).

Note 2: Actual flow rate characteristics depend on usage conditions and settings conditions, so check them under actual use conditions.

### Proportional Control Valve Order Codes

- **Circuit configuration**
  - 2: 2 ports

- **Orifice diameter**
  - 20: φ 2.0 mm [0.079 in]
  - 30: φ 3.0 mm [0.118 in]
  - 40: φ 4.0 mm [0.157 in]

- **Seal material**
  - -FM: FKM

- **Valve body material**
  - -BR: Brass
  - -S4: SUS304

- **Port size**
  - -02: Rc1/4

- **Piping specifications**
  - -39: DIN With connector
  - -39N: DIN No connector

- **Voltage**
  - 24 VDC

**Model**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Parts</th>
<th>Materials</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Valve body</td>
<td>Brass or SUS304</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Plunger seal</td>
<td>FKM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>O-ring</td>
<td>FKM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Guide tube</td>
<td>SUS304</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Plunger</td>
<td>Electromagnetic stainless steel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Wear ring</td>
<td>PTFE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Spring</td>
<td>SUS304</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Stopper</td>
<td>SUS304</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Solenoid</td>
<td>Polyester</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Lock nut</td>
<td>Free-cutting steel (nickel plated)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>DIN connector</td>
<td>Resin</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Controllers are sold and must be ordered separately.

Proportional control valve controller
KFPC1-F07-DN 24 VDC
For details, see page 10.

Order codes for DIN connectors only
DIN connector standard type
( □ 27 mm [1.063 in] port)
KFPZ-39
Proportional control valve
KFPV050

-39: DIN Connector
(-39 or separately available KFPZ-39)

Outer diameter of cable to be used
φ4 [0.157] to φ11 [0.433]

4-M4 x 0.7, depth 7 [0.276]
Proportional Control Valves
KFPV300 Series

Rc3/8, Rc1/2 Direct Acting 2-port Valve, Plunger type

Use in the proportional control valve in combination with controller KFPC1. For details about controllers, refer to page 19.

Symbol

Normally closed (NC)

Basic Models and Functions

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Common Specifications

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>KFPV300</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Media[1]</td>
<td>Air, neutral gas, water (other gases and liquids that do not affect component parts)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Seal material</td>
<td>FKM, EPDM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Material for the body</td>
<td>Stainless steel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Temperature range for media used °C [°F]</td>
<td>-10 ~ 90 [-14 ~ 194] (non-freezing)</td>
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<td>Direct drive type</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ambient temperature-range (ambient atmosphere) °C [°F]</td>
<td>0 ~ 55 [32 ~ 131]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Media viscosity [(\text{m}^2/\text{s})]</td>
<td>Less than (21 \times 10^{-6})</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mounting direction Note 2</td>
<td>Any</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Protection level</td>
<td>IP65 compliant</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note 1: For information about component part materials, refer to “Internal configuration and major materials” on page 19.

2: Mounting with the solenoid facing upwards is recommended in order to avoid accumulation of contaminants, etc.

Detailed Specifications

● Seal Material: FKM, EPDM

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Models</th>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Orifice diameter [(\text{mm} [\text{in}])]</th>
<th>Flow rate [(\text{mm}^2)]</th>
<th>Operating pressure differential range [(\text{MPa} [\text{psi}])]</th>
<th>Maximum operating pressure [(\text{MPa} [\text{psi}])]</th>
<th>Rated voltage [(\text{VDC})]</th>
<th>Power consumption [(\text{W})]</th>
<th>Coil current MAX: [mA]</th>
<th>Mass [(\text{g} [\text{oz}])]</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>KFPV300-2-40</td>
<td>Rc3/8</td>
<td>4.0 [0.157]</td>
<td>0.52</td>
<td>9.5</td>
<td>0 ~ 0.8 [0 ~ 116]</td>
<td>3.5 [508]</td>
<td>24 VDC</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>880</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KFPV300-2-60</td>
<td>Rc3/8</td>
<td>6.0 [0.236]</td>
<td>1.05</td>
<td>19.3</td>
<td>0 ~ 0.6 [0 ~ 87]</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KFPV300-2-80</td>
<td>Rc1/2</td>
<td>8.0 [0.315]</td>
<td>1.60</td>
<td>29.5</td>
<td>0 ~ 0.4 [0 ~ 58]</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KFPV300-2-100</td>
<td>Rc1/2</td>
<td>10.0 [0.394]</td>
<td>2.10</td>
<td>38.7</td>
<td>0 ~ 0.2 [0 ~ 29]</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KFPV300-2-120</td>
<td>Rc1/2</td>
<td>12.0 [0.472]</td>
<td>2.70</td>
<td>49.8</td>
<td>0 ~ 0.1 [0 ~ 15]</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note 1: For information about orifice diameter selection, refer to the flow rate conversion tables on pages 19 and 20.

2: The working pressure upper limit is the highest pressure that can be applied to the inlet side of the proportional control valve. Above this pressure, valve leaking may occur, even if it is within the working pressure differential range.

3: Allowable voltage fluctuation range: rated voltage ±10%
### Inner Construction and Major Parts

![Diagram of inner construction and major parts](image)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Parts</th>
<th>Materials</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>①</td>
<td>Valve body</td>
<td>SCS13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>②</td>
<td>Plunger seal</td>
<td>FKM, EPDM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>③</td>
<td>O-ring</td>
<td>FKM, EPDM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>④</td>
<td>Solenoid</td>
<td>Polyester</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>⑤</td>
<td>Plunger</td>
<td>Electromagnetic stainless steel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>⑥</td>
<td>Wear ring</td>
<td>PTFE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>⑦</td>
<td>Spring</td>
<td>SUS304</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>⑧</td>
<td>Stopper</td>
<td>Electromagnetic stainless steel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>⑨</td>
<td>Hexagon socket head screw</td>
<td>SUS304</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>⑩</td>
<td>DIN connector</td>
<td>Resin</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Characteristics

#### Characteristics when used in combination with controller KFPC1.

- **Hysteresis**: % F.S. Less than 5
- **Repeatability**: % F.S. Less than 1
- **Response accuracy**: % F.S. Less than 2
- **Rangeability**: 50:1

Remark: Measurements are taken under Koganei measurement conditions.

Note 1: The characteristic curve to the right shows actual flow rate values with maximum flow rate of 100% measured under Koganei test conditions, relative to the control signal input % (current, voltage).

2: Actual flow rate characteristics depend on usage conditions and settings conditions, so check them under actual use conditions.

### Proportional Control Valve Order Codes

- **Circuit configuration**: -2: 2 ports
- **Orifice diameter**:
  - -40: φ 4.0 mm [0.157 in]
  - -60: φ 6.0 mm [0.236 in]
  - -80: φ 8.0 mm [0.315 in]
  - -100: φ 10.0 mm [0.394 in]
  - -120: φ 12.0 mm [0.472 in]
- **Seal material**:
  - -FM: FKM
  - -AA: EPDM
- **Volve body material**:
  - -S13: SCS13 (SUS304 equivalent)
- **Port size**:
  - Orifice diameters: φ 4.0 mm [0.157 in], φ 6.0 mm [0.236 in]
  - -03: Rc3/8
  - Orifice diameters: φ 8.0 mm [0.315 in], φ 10.0 mm [0.394 in], φ 12.0 mm [0.472 in]
  - -04: Rc1/2
- **Piping specifications**:
  - -39: DIN
  - -39N: DIN
- **Voltage**:
  - 24 VDC

#### Controllers are sold and must be ordered separately.

- **Proportional control valve controller**
  - KFPC1-F07-DN 24 VDC
  - For details, see page⑨.

- **Order codes for DIN connectors only**
  - DIN connector standard type
  - ① 27 mm [1.063 in] port
  - KFPCZ-39
# Controller for Proportional Control Valves KFPC1

## For Proportional Control Valves KFPV050 and KFPV300 Series

### Specifications

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Model</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mounting methods</td>
<td>DIN rail mounting</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Signal input</td>
<td>4 ~ 20 mA, 0 ~ 10 V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Input impedance</td>
<td>220, 1.2M</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Power supply voltage</td>
<td>24 VDC ±10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Valve control signal</td>
<td>PWM (pulse width modulation)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ambient temperature range (ambient atmosphere) °C [°F]</td>
<td>0 ~ 50 [32 ~ 122] (non-condensation)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum allowable load current A</td>
<td>1.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Power consumption (control circuit) W</td>
<td>0.55</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Monitor signal</td>
<td>Directly proportional to solenoid current 1 mV = 1 mA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RAMP response time s</td>
<td>0 ~ 10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Major Parts and Functions

- **Potentiometer MAX** (maximum flow rate setting)
- **Potentiometer MIN** (minimum flow rate setting)
- **Slide switch SW2**
- **DIP switch SW1**
- **DIP switch SW2**
- **Connection terminals**
  - SOL Valve actuation output (No polarity)
  - SOL Valve actuation output (No polarity)
  - FG Valve ground
  - FG Power supply frame ground
  - SV+ Monitor output (+)
  - SV- Monitor output (-)
  - IN+ Standard signal input (+)
  - IN- Standard signal input (-)
  - 24 V Power supply input (+)
  - 0 V Power supply input (-)
- **Potentiometers**
  - MAX For setting current value \( I_2 \) when valve is fully open
  - MIN For setting current value \( I_1 \) when valve starts to open
  - RAMP For ramp response time setting (0 to 10 seconds)
- **LED indicator**
  - POW Lights up when current is flowing to the solenoid.
- **DIP switches**
  - SW 1 1 to 3 (SIGNAL) Selects standard signal input (4 to 20mA, or 0 to 10V)
  - SW 2 4, 5 (PWM) Switches between PWM frequencies
  - SW 1 6 (ZERO) Sets the zero point off function switch
- **Slide switch**
  - SW 1 MAX Input signal MAX
  - SW 1 MIN Input signal MIN
  - AUTO Input signal AUTO (operation mode)

### Important!

For proper operation of a proportional control valve, be sure to configure initial default settings before use.
(Potentiometer MIN, MAX adjustment required.)

For details, refer to the instruction manual.
Proportional control valve controller
KFPC1-F07-DN

Remarks: For instructions about handling the controller, refer to the instruction manual that comes with the product.
Water Flow rate conversion graph

Flow rate calculation formula (Formula’s Ph and Pl pressure indicate absolute pressure)

\[ Q = 45.62Cv \frac{\sqrt{Ph - Pl}}{\sqrt{G}} \]

- \( Q \): Flow rate l/min
- \( Cv \): Flow rate coefficient
- \( Ph \): Primary side (upstream) absolute pressure MPa
- \( Pl \): Secondary side (downstream) absolute pressure MPa
- \( G \): Specific gravity (1 in the case of water)

Using the graph

If there is no line for the flow rate index (Cv) of the valve being used, read the flow rate in the graph for when \( Cv = 1 \), and then multiply it by the \( Cv \) value of the valve to be used to calculate the flow rate.

Example: Flow rate read from the graph as \( Cv = 1 \): \( Q = 20 \) l/min
When the flow coefficient of the valve used is \( Cv = 0.3 \)
Calculated flow rate = \( Q \times Cv = 20 \times 0.3 = 6.0 \) l/min
Air Flow rate conversion graph Cv value = 1

Note: Pressure P1 and P2 in the graph indicate gauge pressure (MPa).

Flow rate calculation formula (Formula's Ph and Pl pressure indicate absolute pressure)

1) When \( \frac{P1}{Ph} > 0.5283 \)

\[
Q = 4119Cv \frac{\sqrt{(Ph - Pl)Pl}}{\sqrt{G}}
\]

2) When \( \frac{P1}{Ph} \leq 0.5283 \)

\[
Q = 2056CvPh \frac{1}{\sqrt{G}}
\]

- \( Q \): Flow rate \( \ell/min \) (ANR)
- \( Cv \): Flow rate coefficient
- \( P1 \): Primary side (upstream) absolute pressure MPa
- \( Ph \): Secondary side (downstream) absolute pressure MPa
- \( G \): Specific gravity (Specific gravity with air is 1)

Using the graph

The above graph shows flow rate when the flow coefficient \( Cv = 1 \). When \( Cv \neq 1 \), multiply the flow rate read from the graph by the Cv value of the valve to be used to calculate the flow rate.

Example: Flow rate read from the graph: \( Q = 500 \ell/min \) (ANR)
When the flow coefficient of the valve used is \( Cv = 0.3 \)
Calculated flow rate = \( Q \times Cv = 500 \times 0.3 = 150 \ell/min \) (ANR)

Flow rate calculation software can be downloaded from the Koganei website. Use it for product selection.
Hysteresis
Characteristic of a device whose output value depends upon the direction of an applied input value.

Ramp response
Time response of transition from an invariable input state to a state that changes at a fixed speed.

Ramp response time
For ramp response, the time it takes until the value produced, when the output primary steady state error is subtracted from the value produced by multiplying input by the static gain, falls within the specified allowable range (for example, ± 5%).

Pulse width modulation (PWM)
The frequency band is fully determined according to samples of signal F [Hz] at 1/2F [S] intervals (sampling process). There are various methods to express all the information of a sampled modulation signal (such as audio) as a pulse stream based on this process, which is called "pulse modulation." The method that modifies the sample value amplitude information in the sampled modulation code by a pulse width with a constant amplitude is called "pulse width modulation."

PID control (P: Proportional action, I: Integral action, D: Derivative action)
The control device is capable three control operations: proportional control so output is proportional to input (P: Proportional action), integral control so output is an integral of input (I: Integral action), and derivative control so output is a derivative of input (D: Derivative action).

Rangeability
Comparison of the controllable maximum and minimum flow coefficients (Cv values). When rangeability is 10:1, for example, the minimum flow coefficient Cv value is 1.0 for a maximum flow coefficient Cv value of 10.0.

Temperature compensation
Electronic components are such that normal temperature changes or heat generated by the component changes the set current and/or voltage level. This is called "temperature drift." Temperature drift compensation is called "temperature compensation."
Limited Warranty

KOGANEI CORP. warrants its products to be free from defects in material and workmanship subject to the following provisions.

Warranty Period
The warranty period is 180 days from the date of delivery.

Koganei Responsibility
If a defect in material or workmanship is found during the warranty period, KOGANEI CORP. will replace any part proved defective under normal use free of charge and will provide the service necessary to replace such a part.

Limitations
- This warranty is in lieu of all other warranties, expressed or implied, and is limited to the original cost of the product and shall not include any transportation fee, the cost of installation or any liability for direct, indirect or consequential damage or delay resulting from the defects.
- KOGANEI CORP. shall in no way be liable or responsible for injuries or damage to persons or property arising out of the use or operation of the manufacturer’s product.
- This warranty shall be void if the engineered safety devices are removed, made inoperative or not periodically checked for proper functioning.
- Any operation beyond the rated capacity, any improper use or application, or any improper installation of the product, or any substitution upon it with parts not furnished or approved by KOGANEI CORP., shall void this warranty.
- This warranty covers only such items supplied by KOGANEI CORP. The products of other manufacturers are covered only by such warranties made by those original manufacturers, even though such items may have been included as the components.

The specifications are subject to change without notice.