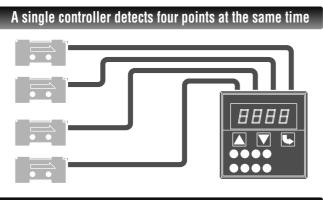
Multi-channel Flow Rate Sensor Controllers

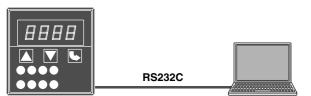
The Flow rate sensor detects workpieces lifted by vacuum that could not be detected by the pressure sensor.





Connectable to a personal computer

 Use a PC to perform flow rate setting, capture of flow rate value, and reference flow rate setting.



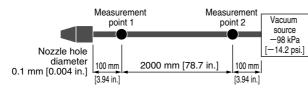
Three types of sensor heads, depending on flow rate range

 Three types are available, including -500~500 mℓ/min (ANR), [-30.5~30.5 in³/min.] -3~3 ℓ/min (ANR), [-0.11~0.11 ft³/min.] and 0~10 ℓ/min (ANR), [0~0.35 ft³/min].



Not affected by piping resistance

• Since the flow rate sensor head is not affected by piping resistance, there is no restriction on mounting position.



Measurement results using ϕ 1.8 [0.071 in.] tube

	Measurement point 1	Measurement point 2
Flow rate sensor 0.11 l/min [0.0039 ft3/min.]		0.12 ℓ/min [0.0042 ft.3/min.]
Pressure sensor	—78 kPa [—11.3 psi.]	—95 kPa [—13.8 psi.]

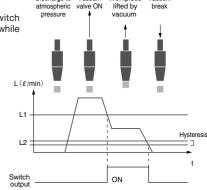
* Based on Koganei test standard.

Output Mode

Discharge to

Window comparator mode 1

 Mode for freely setting L1 and L2.
 Note, however, that switch output does not go ON while flow rate is increasing.



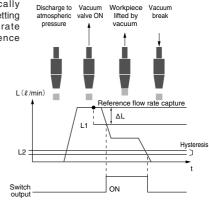
Vacuum

Workpiece

Vacuum

Window comparator mode 2 and 3

 Modes for automatically setting L1, using ΔL setting and reference flow rate capture. (L1= Reference flow rate - ΔL)



•Window comparator mode 2

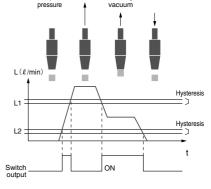
• When L1 has been set, this mode maintains it unchanged until reference flow rate capture is performed again.

•Window comparator mode 3

 Each time the L1 setting is deleted when switch output goes OFF, this mode performs reference flow rate capture and sets L1.
 Effective for situations where flow rate fluctuation is severe.
 When using window comparator mode 3, use RS232C to perform reference flow rate capture from outside.

Window comparator mode 4

 Mode for freely setting L1 and L2.
 Discharge to Vacuum atmospheric valve ON
 Workpiece Vacuum break



 While the product is in operation, do not attempt to adjust the attached mechanisms (connecting and disconnecting the wiring connector, or attach or position the sensor head, etc.).
 Abnormal operations could result in injury.

- While the Multi-channel Flow Rate Sensor Controller is in operation, do not apply an external magnetic field to the controller and sensor head. This could cause unintentional operation leading to damage to equipment or to personal injury.
- When wiring, be careful to ensure that the wiring polarity is correct.

A wrong polarity could result in damage to the Multi-channel Flow Rate Sensor controller.

- Always use the specified sensor head with this product.
 Use of an unspecified item could result in erratic operation.
- When handling the Multi-channel Flow Rate Sensor Controller and sensor head, avoid hitting, dropping, or bumping with excessive force (490 m/s² [50 G] or more). Even if not apparently damaged, the internal parts could be damaged, leading to erratic operation.
- Do not short the load.

Switching on sensor output with a shorted load could cause damage to the Multi-channel Flow Rate Sensor Controller due to overcurrent.

Example of load shorting: Connecting the output lead wires for sensor output directly to the power supply.

When mounting the fitting to the sensor head, the tightening torque should not exceed 2.5 N·m [1.84 ft·lbf]. In addition, when securing the sensor head, use an M3 screw and the tightening torque should not exceed 0.6 N·m [0.44 ft·lbf]. Excessive tightening could damage the sensor head, etc.

Always switch off the power before connecting the sensor head and controller. Attempting to connect the sensor head with the power on could cause erratic operation in the controller due to surge voltage, etc.

Handling Instructions and Precautions



General precautions

Wiring

- If power is supplied from a commercial switching regulator, ensure that the frame ground (F.G.) terminal of the power supply is connected to an actual ground.
- In the case of noise generating equipment (switching regulator, inverter motor, etc.) being used in the vicinity of sensor mounting portion, connect the frame ground (F.G.) terminal of the equipment to an actual ground.
- 3. When wiring is completed, check that there is no error in the wiring connections.

Others

- 1. Sensor head is designed for use with non-corrosive gas. It cannot be used for liquid or corrosive gas.
- 2. Use within the rated voltage range for power supply.
- Do not use during the initial transient time (0.5 sec.) after the power supply is switched on.
- 4. Do not operate the keys with pointed or sharp objects.
- 5. When using window comparator mode 2 in operations that capture repeated utilization of the reference flow rate, the guaranteed number of times may be exceeded in a short period of time. In such cases, use window comparator mode 3.
- 6. If using with window comparator mode 3, use FSU-S-D.

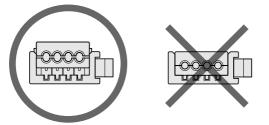


Mounting and wiring

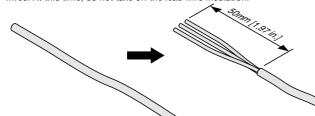
Sensor head and connector connection procedure

When the sensor head $FSU-\Box-\Box$ is supplied, the sensor head body and mini clamp connector (male) are not yet connected. Follow the procedure below to perform the connection.

 Check that the connector cover (the part where lead wires are to be inserted) is protruding from the connector body.

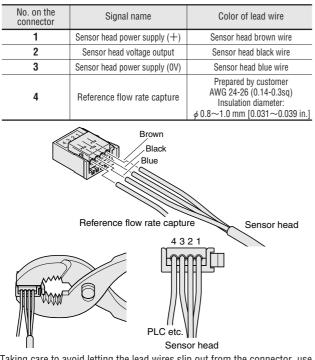


It cannot be used if it's flat and placed at the same level against the body.
Cut the cable at the length required for the sensor head. Strip off the cable sheath for 50 mm [1.97 in.] from the cable end, and expose the lead wires. At this time, do not take off the lead wire insulation.



3. Follow the instructions in the table below to insert the lead wires into the hole in the connector cover. Look through the top of the semi-transparent cover to check that the lead wires have been firmly inserted all the way to the back. (Insertion length is about 9 mm [0.35 in.].)

Use caution in making the connections, since switching on the power with wrong connections will damage the sensor head and controller.

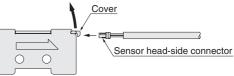


4. Taking care to avoid letting the lead wires slip out from the connector, use pliers or some other hand tool to crimp the cover and connector body, and push the cover into the connector body.

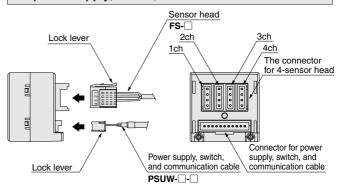
Limit the crimping force to 980.7 N [220.5 lbf.].

- When the cover is flat and placed at the same level against the connector body, the connection is complete.
- In the same way, handle the sensor head relay cable PSUK- mini-clamp connectors (male, female).
- **6.** Check one more time that the wiring is correct.

7. On the sensor head body, connect the sensor head-side connector. Open the sensor head cover, connect the connector, and then close the cover.



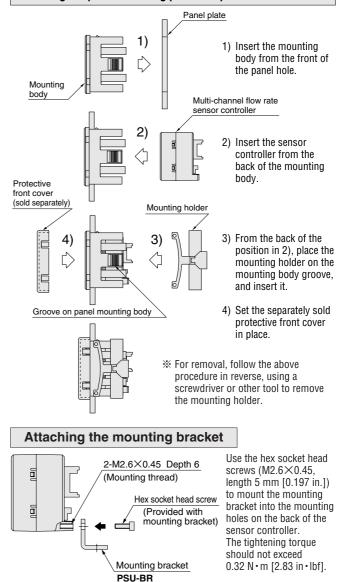
Attaching and removing of the sensor head, and the power supply, switch, and communication cable



To mount the sensor head and the power supply, switch, and communication cable, align the lock lever position as shown in the figure, and push until the lock hooks on the controller-side connector.

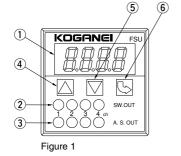
To remove, push down completely on the lock lever, take the connector and pull it out. At this time, be careful to avoid applying excessive force on the lead wires.

Attaching the panel mounting parts and protective front cover



- 1. Since miswiring in the sensor head, or in the power supply, switch, and communication cable, can damage both the controller and sensor head, always check the wiring before switching on the power.
- 2. The setting conditions are written to EEPROM and saved. Be aware that EEPROM has a finite lifetime, with guaranteed number of times up to 100,000 times.
- 3. When using window comparator mode 2 in operations that involve repeated reference flow rate capture, the EEPROM guaranteed number of times may be exceeded in a short period of time. In such cases, use window comparator mode 3.
- 4. In this catalog, window comparator mode 1 is called by code: CO1, window comparator mode 2 by code: CO2, window comparator mode 3 by code: CO3, and window comparator mode 4 by code: CO4.

■ Major parts and functions

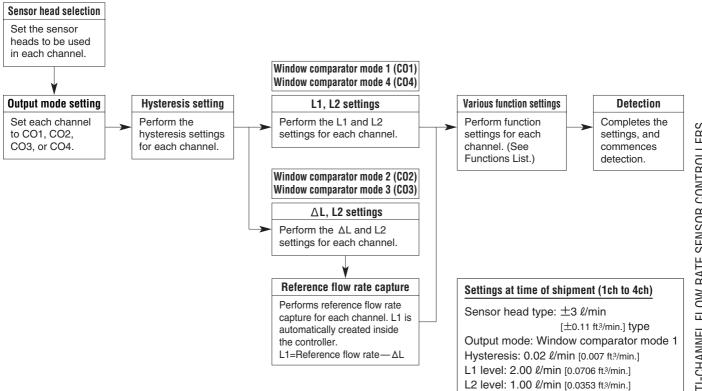


No.	Name	Description
1	LED display (red)	Displays the detected flow rate value, setting contents, and error content
2	Switch output indicator (red)	Lights up when switch output is ON
3	Autoscan indicator (green)	The channel whose current flow rate is displayed on the LED lights up
4	UP key (🛆)	Used when adjusting set value upward
(5)	DOWN key (💟)	Used when adjusting set value downward
6	Mode key (🔄)	Used for all types of settings

Setting preparation

- · Connect the connectors to the sensor heads.
- (See p.801 for the connection procedure for the sensor head connectors.)
- Connect the sensor heads (one to four pcs.) and the power supply, switch, and communication cable to the controller. (See p.801 for attaching and removing of the sensor head and the power supply, switch, and communication cable.)

Setting procedure



MULTI-CHANNEL FLOW RATE SENSOR CONTROLLERS

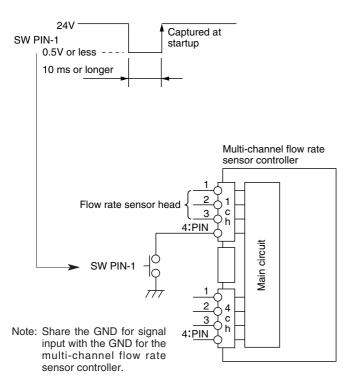
Setting

• Reference flow rate capture method in window comparator mode 2 and 3

Device key operation method	For the operations method, see p.804	
RS232C method	For RS232C commands, see p.806	
General-purpose I/O input method	See diagram below	

• Reference flow rate capture method using general-purpose I/O input

Set PIN (sensor head connector 4-pin) for corresponding channel to "L level" (0.5V or less, 10 ms or longer).



If not using general-purpose I/O input to perform reference flow rate capture, do not connect anything to the PIN. (Note: PIN is pulled up at 24V.)

Functions List (For details about operations, see the each operation method)

Function	Device button command	Serial communication command (-D only)
Flow rate display	0	@A
L1 (Δ L)/L2 point settings	0	@PRE
Hysteresis setting	0	@HYS
Reference flow rate capture	0	@P
Mode selection	0	@MODE
Sensor head type setting	0	@TYPE
Zero reset	0	@B
Flow rate display autoscan	0	@AS
Switch output reversal (Enabled in mode 4 only)	0	@INV
Peak hold	0	@PHL
Bottom hold	0	@BHL
Flow rate display deleted	0	@DIS
Output mode check	×	@MD
Sensor head type check	×	@TP
ON (Δ L)/OFF point check	×	@C
Reference flow rate,	×	@E (Enabled for modes 2 and 3 only)
Switch output condition display	×	@SW
Version display	×	@VER

Detection mode





- Switching on the power supply (DC24V voltage) automatically provides detection mode.
- The flow rate of the selected channel is indicated in the LED display. (The selected channel's A.S.OUT LED (green) lights up. See Figure 2.)
- The SW.OUT LED (red) lights up when the switch output is turned ON.
- Pressing the 🛆 key or 🔽 key changes the selected channel.
- If the oFF display appears, it means that the selected channel's sensor head was not connected or has a wire break.
- In the case of a wire break, shut off the power and replace the sensor head.

Sensor head selection

Use the following procedure to perform settings for the sensor head used in each channel.

Procedure	Device operation	7-seg display	Remark
1	Ś	5 <i>EF 1</i>	
2	Ŀ	587	
3	(Push both at the same time)	[Use 🖾 or 💟 to select channel
4	₹ S	587	Use or to select sensor head
5	Ð		Sensor head determined

Note: SE2 and SE4 cannot be used.

[Sensor head selection]

- SE1: -3.00 to 3.00: ±3ℓ [±0.11 ft.3] type
- SE2: Cannot be used

SE3: -500 to 500: ±500 [±30.5 in³] mℓ type

- SE4: Cannot be used
- SE5: 0.00 to 10.00: 10ℓ [±0.35 ft3] type

Output mode selection

Use the following procedure to perform output mode settings for each channel.

Procedure	Device operation	7-seg display	Remark
1	ß	5877	
2	ß	587	
3	(Push both at the same time)	[Use 🛆 or 💟 to select channel
4	Ð	[[]	Use or to select output mode
5	5		Output mode determined

[Output mode selection] CO1: Window comparator mode 1 CO2: Window comparator mode 2 CO3: Window comparator mode 3 CO4: Window comparator mode 4

Hysteresis setting

Use the following procedure to change the hysteresis for each channel. $\label{eq:change}$

Procedure	Device operation	7-seg display	Remark
1	r S	5877	
2	\square	5872	
3	Ś	587	
4	(Push both at the same time)	XF5 (Use or to select channel
	S	00.02	Use or to perform
5	Ŀ		Hysteresis determined

[Hysteresis selection]

HYS1: 1ch

HYS2: 2ch

HYS3: 3ch

HYS4: 4ch

• To prevent chattering, set hysteresis to 2 digits or more.

Threshold value setting (L1 (Δ L)/L2 setting)

Use the following procedure to perform threshold value settings for each channel.

Procedure	Device operation	7-seg display	Remark
1		5857	
2		587	
3			Use 💭 or 💟 to select channel
4	Ŀ	* * *	Use or to set threshold value
5			Threshold value determined

[Threshold value setting] 11: 1ch_L1/ Δ L 12: 1ch_L2 21: 2ch_L1/ Δ L 22: 2ch_L2 31: 3ch_L1/ Δ L 32: 3ch_L2 41: 4ch_L1/ Δ L 42: 4ch_L2

Reference flow rate capture (for window comparator mode 2 and 3)

When using window comparator mode 2 or 3, use the following procedure to perform reference flow rate capture.

Procedure	Device operation	7-seg display	Remark
1	Ŀ	5877	
2	Ŀ>	587	
3	(Push both at the same time)	REFI	Use 💭 or 💟 to select channel
4	Ŀ>		Reference flow rate captured

[Reference flow rate capture]
REF1: 1ch
REF2: 2ch
REF3: 3ch
REF4: 4ch

Flow rate display switch-off

Use the following procedure to switch off the flow rate display.

Procedure	Device operation	tion	7-seg display	Remark
1		Ŀ	5877	
2	\square		5872	
3		Ŀ,	587	
4	(Push both at the same time)	Ŀ		7-seg LED off
5	(Push both at the same time)	Ľ,	* * *	7-seg LED re-lighted

Flow rate display autoscan

Use the following procedure to switch the flow rate display to autoscan mode.

Since autoscan mode is combined with the key lock function, no key operation other than cancellation of autoscan can be performed.

Procedure	Device operation	7-seg display	Remark
1		5 <i>EF 1</i>	
2	\square	5872	
3		587	
4	(Push both at the same time)		Autoscan start
5	(Push both at the same time)		Autoscan stop

Note: Autoscan mode is cancelled when the power supply is switched OFF.

Switch output reversal (enabled for window comparator mode 4 only)

Use the following procedure to reverse the switch output for each channel. $\label{eq:channel}$

Procedure	Device operation	7-seg display	Remark
1	Ś	5857	
2	\square	5872	
3	\square	5873	
	ß	587	
4	(Push both at the same time)	[Use 💭 or 💟 to select channel
		5-0	Use 🛆 or 🟹 to set
5	r S		Output mode determined

Note: Cannot be used with any mode other than window comparator mode 4.

[Switch output reversal] S-0: Not reversed (A-contact) S-1: Reversed (B-contact)

Zero point correction (Zero reset)

Use the following procedure to perform zero point correction for each channel. $\label{eq:constraint}$

Procedure	Device operation	7-seg display	Remark
1	L)	5851	
2	\square	5872	
3	\square	5873	
4	U)	587	
5	(Push both at the same time)	6-1	Use 💭 or 💟 to select channel
6	Ŀ		Zero point correction

Note: Zero point is cancelled when the power supply is switched OFF.

[Zero point correction]				
b-1: 1ch				
b-2: 2ch				
b-3: 3ch				
b-4: 4ch				

Peak hold and bottom hold

Use the following procedure to put the flow rate display on peak hold or bottom hold. The display channel can be switched back and forth while in the hold position.

Procedure	Peak hold	7-seg display	Bottom hold	7-seg display	Remark
1	S	5877		5877	
2	\square	5872	\square	5872	
3	\square	5873	\square	5873	
4	\square	5854	\square	5854	
5	S	587		587	
6	(Push both at the same time)	PHL	(Push both at the same time)	68L	Hold start
7	(Push both at the same time)		(Push both at the same time)		Hold cancel

Note: Peak hold and bottom hold are cancelled when the power supply is switched OFF. Peak hold and bottom hold cannot be implemented at the same time.

Error Display							
Error display	Error description	Error cancel					
off	Sensor head on selected channel either not connected or has a wire break.	In the case of a wire break, shut off the power and replace the sensor head.					
E-1	In window comparator mode 2 and 3, threshold is set outside the measured range.	Correct the error, and then press the					
<i>E</i> - <i>Z</i> n (n is the targeted channel)	Overvoltage (5V or more) applied to sensor input (AN0 to AN3).	mode key 🔄 for at least 1 second.					
<i>E</i> - <i>B</i> (n is the targeted channel)	Overcurrent flowing to switch output.						

Communication with personal computer

Hardware and operations environment

- PC: PC-98 series (excluding
 - PC-98LT) or equivalent DOS/V machine

OS: Windows95 or later

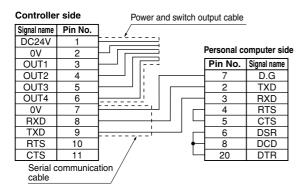
 Software and operations environment Hyperterminal with WIndows95 or later as the standard.

Windows is a registered trademark of Microsoft Corp.

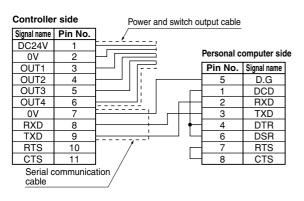
Communication parameter

Baud rate	9600 (baud)
Stop bit length	1 [bit]
Parity	Odd
Parity check	Yes
Data bit length	8 [bit]
Communication method	Full duplex
Return key send procedure	CR code, LF code

• Communication cable specification and connection



D-sub 25 pin configuration



D-sub 9 pin configuration

Communication command detail

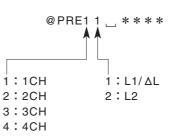
Command List Note: "..." denotes a space.

Function:	Reads out the current flow rate value (1ch-4ch).
Send example:	@A c/rl/f
Response example:	1 =-3.00 c/rl/f
	2 =-3.00 c/rl/f
	c/rl/f ← When sensor head
	is not connected
	4 =0.00 c/rl/f
	c/rl/f
Response example:	NG c/rl/f
	21: illegal type

@PRE

Function:	Sets the ON and OFF points for each channel.
Send example:	@PRE113.00 c/rl/f
Response example:	OK c/rl/f
Response example:	NG c/rl/f
	21: illegal type

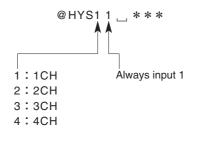
@PRE11: Sets L1/ Δ L for Channel 1 @PRE12: Sets L2 for Channel 1 @PRE21: Sets L1/ Δ L for Channel 2 @PRE22: Sets L2 for Channel 2 @PRE31: Sets L1/ Δ L for Channel 3 @PRE32: Sets L2 for Channel 3 @PRE41: Sets L1/ Δ L for Channel 4 @PRE42: Sets L2 for Channel 4



@HYS

Function:	Sets the hysteresis width for each channel.			
Send example:	@HYS11_0.02 c/rl/f			
Response example:	OK c/rl/f			
Response example:	NG c/rl/f			
	21: illegal type			

@HYS11: Hysteresis width setting for Channel 1
@HYS21: Hysteresis width setting for Channel 2
@HYS31: Hysteresis width setting for Channel 3
@HYS41: Hysteresis width setting for Channel 4



P Function:	In output mode, the reference flow rate	@B Function:
Tunction.	capture when comparator modes 2 and 3	Send example:
Send example:	are selected. @P c/rl/f	Response example Response example
Response example:		
Response example:		
	21: illegal type	
	erence value setting @P1 erence value setting	
@P3: Channel 3 ref	erence value setting	
@P4: Channel 4 ref	erence value setting 1:1CH	@SW Function:
	2:2CH 3:3CH	
	4:4CH	Send example: Response example
MODE		Response example
Function: Send example:	Sets the output mode for each channel. @MODE1_1c/rl/f	
Response example:	OK c/rl/f	1 0
Response example:	NG c/rl/f 21: illegal type	
@ MODE	11	ch ch c
	\uparrow \uparrow	
Γ		@MD
	: 1CH1: Window comparator mode 1: 2CH2: Window comparator mode 2	Function: Send example:
	: 3CH 3: Window comparator mode 3	Response example
4	: 4CH 4: Window comparator mode 4	Response example
®TYPE		1 2 3
Function:	Sets the sensor head type for each channel.	
Send example: Response example:	@TYPE1_1c/rl/f OK c/rl/f	
Response example:	NG c/rl/f 21: illegal type	ch ch c
@TYPE		@TP
	ΤŢ	Function:
[Send example:
	: 1CH 1: −3.00~3.00 : 2CH 2: Cannot be used	Response example Response example
3	: 3CH 3: -500~500	
4	: 4CH 4: Cannot be used	
	5: 0.00~10.00	
	window comparator mode 4 only)	1 2
Function: Send example:	Sets switch output reversed/not reversed. @INV10c/rl/f	ch ch d
Response example:	OK c/rl/f	
Response example:	NG c/rl/f 21: illegal type	@ C Function:
~		
@IN V	1_0	Send example: Response example
	Ţ_Ţ	
		Response example
	: 1CH 0: Not reversed : 2CH 1: Reversed	
	3CH	

ction: Performs zero correction for each channel. d example: @B1 c/rl/f @B1 ponse example: OK c/rl/f NG c/rl/f ponse example: 21: illegal type 1:1CH 2:2CH 3:3CH 4:4CH Displays the switch ction: output for each channel. @SW c/rl/f d example: ponse example: 1010 c/rl/f ponse example: NG c/rl/f 21: illegal type 0 0 1 1: Switch output ON Å 0: Switch output OFF Ś 2 4 1 ch ch ch ch Displays the output mode for each channel. ction: @MD c/rl/f d example: ponse example: 1231 c/rl/f ponse example: NG c/rl/f 21: illegal type 3 2 1 1: Window comparator mode 1 ▲ 2: Window comparator mode 2 3: Window comparator mode 3 1 2 3 4 4: Window comparator mode 4 ch ch ch ch ction: Displays the sensor head type for each channel. @TP c/rl/f d example: ponse example: 1135 c/rl/f ponse example: NG c/rl/f 21: illegal type 3 5 1: -3.00~3.00 Å 2: Cannot be used 3: -500~500 Ż 3 4 1 4: Cannot be used ch ch ch ch 5:0.00~10.00 ction: Displays the L1 (Δ L) and L2 points for each channel. @C1 c/rl/f d example: @C1 ←L1(∆L) ponse example: 1.00 c/rl/f 0.50 c/rl/f ←L2

c/rl/f

NG c/rl/f

21: illegal type

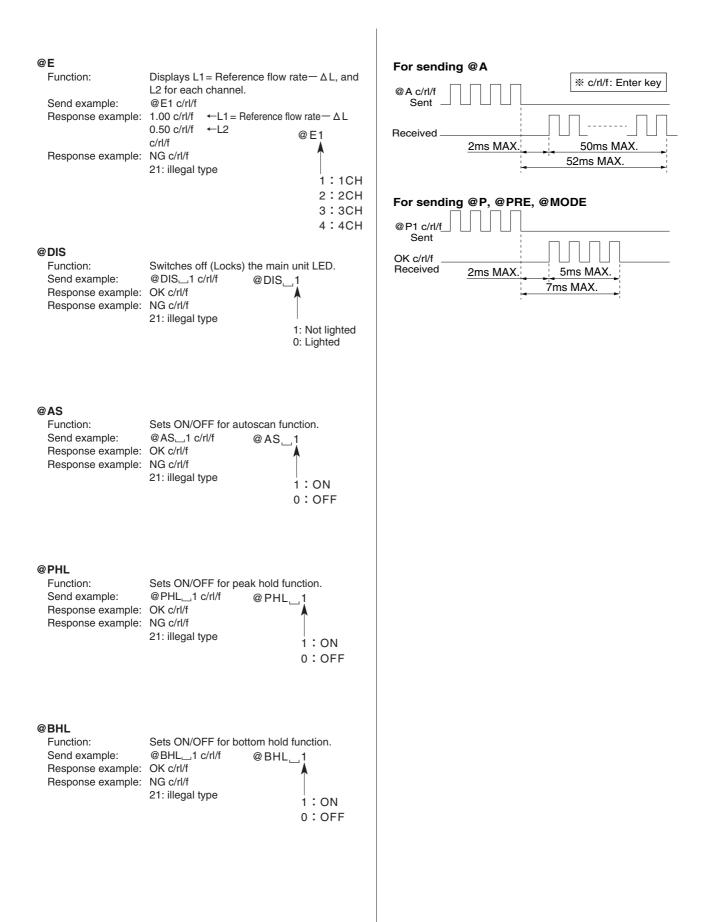
1:1CH

2:2CH

3:3CH

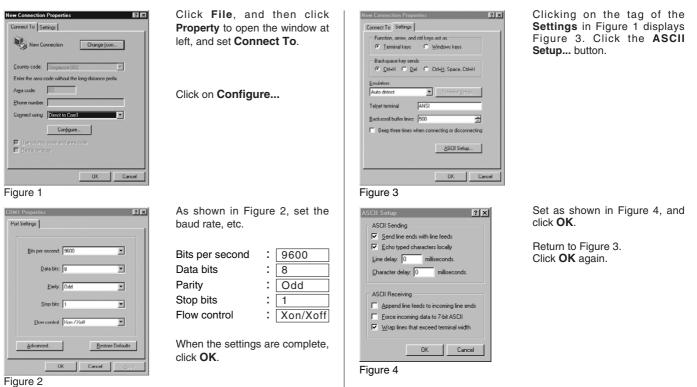
4:4CH

4:4CH



Communication

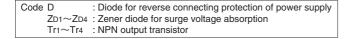
• Hyperterminal setting method



Internal Circuit Diagram and Wiring Specifications (External Wiring Example)

Sensor head 1ch	(-)		Multi-channel f		Po	wer supply and swite output cable	ch Color of lead w	vire	
	$\frac{1}{(\text{Brown}) + V}$ 1	-]	D] [(Red)+V		
Sensor	(Black) analog voltage output 2			-14	î		(M/bita) SW(1 Load		
Main	(Blue) 0V 3	Ħ	Tr 1		Ļ		(Willie) SWI		
		icn	<u>⊢</u> K	ZD1	.		(Green) SW2	bad	+
	Reference flow rate capture 4	U U	Tr ₂	•	ģ⊢			Load	±10%
Sensor head 2ch	1 (Brown)+V 1	Main circuit	Tr ₃	ZD2	Ĺ		(Yellow) SW3		
	(Black) analog voltage output 2			ZD3	Ĭ		(Brown) SW4	Lo	ad
Main circuit		1	Tr4		Ŷ┤				
	(Blue) 0V 3			ZD4	Ĭ		(Black)0V		
	Reference flow rate capture 4				Ϊl				
Sensor head 3ch						Serial communica	tion cable ^{Note}		
	Brown) +V 1				┟		(Blue)0V		
	Black) analog voltage output 2						(Brown) RXD		
Main circuit	(Blue) 0V 3				ł⊢			PC	
		1			Ĭ		(Black) TXD		
	Reference flow rate capture 4				Ĭ٦				i
Sensor head 4ch	1 (Brown) +V 1				ļ R1	rs			
	(Black) analog voltage output 2				C	T.C.			
Gircuit					ł۰'		ower supply, switch	, and commu	inication cable,
Main	(Blue) 0V 3						V- D only is avail		,
	Reference flow rate capture 4								
			<u> </u>						
			Int	ernal circuit -		External wiring	example		
					-	- External wiring	overubie		

Note: Be aware that voltage drops as cable resistance increases when extending the cable.



MULTI-CHANNEL FLOW RATE SENSOR CONTROLLERS

FSU



Specifications

 Multi-channel flow rate 	te sensor controller
---	----------------------

Model		FSU	
_	Voltage	DC24V±10%	
Power supply	Sensor head supply voltage	DC24V±10%Note 1	
	Consumption current	100 mA MAX. (Not including current supplied to sensors)	
		Rated flow rate	
	Compatible sensor heads	 -500~500 mℓ/min [-30.5~30.5 in³/min.] (ANR) type 	
Sensor		 -3~3 ℓ/min [-0.11~0.11 ft³/min.] (ANR) type 	
input		 0~10 ℓ/min [0~0.35 ft³/min.] (ANR) type 	
	Number of connectable sensors	1~4	
	Input voltage range	DC1.0~5.0V	
	Maximum input voltage	5.3V MAX.	
	Number of outputs	4	
	Output method	NPN open collector	
	Response time	3 ms	
	Load voltage	DC30V MAX.	
SW output	Load current	50 mA MAX.	
Svv output	Internal voltage drop	0.3V MAX./at load current 5 mA	
	Output mode	Window comparator mode 1 Window comparator mode 2	
		Window comparator mode 3 Window comparator mode 4	
	Switch output reversal	Compatible with window comparator mode 4 only	
	Hysteresis	Variable (Can be freely set at 2 digits or more)	
	Flow rate display	7-segment LED, 3-digit display	
Display	Switch output display (SW.OUT)	Red LED lights up when ON	
	Flow rate display channel indication (A.S.OUT)	Flow rate display channel green LED lights up	
Setting	Body key setting	🛆 : UP, DOWN, 🕒 : MODE	
method	External setting (optional)Note 2	Conforms with RS232C	
	Operating temperature range	-10 \sim 50°C [14 \sim 122°F], storage: -20 \sim 80°C [-4 \sim 176°F], (no condensation and freezing)	
	Noise resistance	IEC61000-4-4	
General		Power supply line: 1KV (level 2)	
		Sensor input signal line: 1KV (level 3)	
	Dielectric strength	AC500V 1 minute	
	Insulation resistance	100 MΩ or more (at DC500V megger)	
	Vibration resistance	88.3 m/s² [9G] (total amplitude 1.5 mm [0.059 in.], 10 \sim 55 Hz)	
	Shock resistance	294.2 m/s ² [30G] (Non-repeated shock)	
	Material	Case: PBT	
	Mass	45 g [1.59 oz.] (excluding cable)	

Notes: 1. The supply voltage to the sensor head is lower by 0.5V MAX than the controller power supply voltage. 2. **FSU-S-D**-— only.

Wiring specifications

Connector type	Item		Specification
	Power supply		1 pin : 24V (red)
			2 pin : 0V (black)
	Data input and output	Switch output	3 pin : SW1 (white)
			4 pin : SW2 (green)
B11B-XASK-1			5 pin : SW3 (yellow)
			6 pin : SW4 (brown)
made by JST		RS232C ^{Note}	7 pin : 0V (blue)
			8 pin : RXD (brown)
			9 pin : TXD (black)
			10 pin : N.C
			11 pin : N.C
	Data input		1 pin : +V (brown)
37104-3101			2 pin : Sensor output (black)
made by SUMITOMO 3M			3 pin : 0V (blue)
			4 pin : PIN

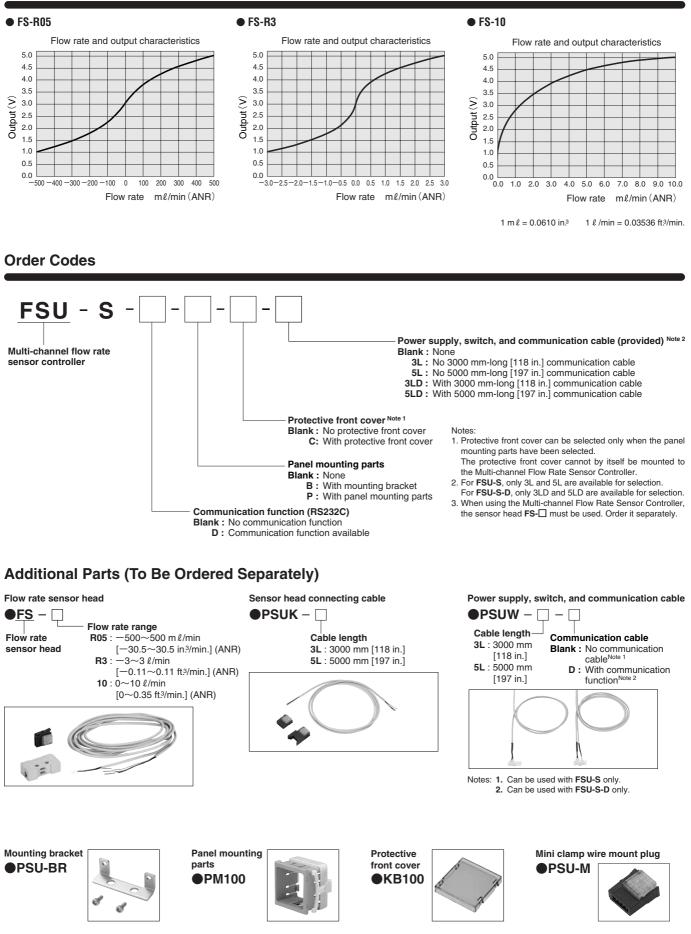
Specifications

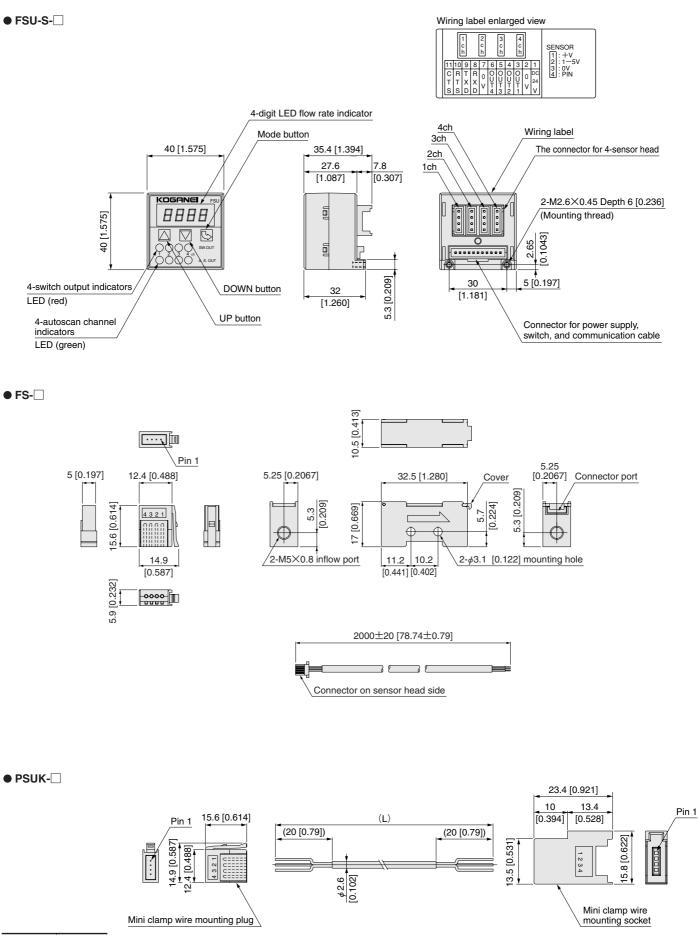
• Flow rate sensor heads

Model	FS-R3	FS-R05	FS-10		
Gases targeted for measurement	Air/nitrogen. However, the detection media cannot contain chlorine, sulfur, acid, or other corrosive substances. Gas must also be dry. Gas must be clean gas devoid of dust and mist (oil mist).				
	-3~+3ℓ/min [-0.11~0.11 ft₃/min.]	-500~+500 m l/min [-30.5~30.5 in.3/min.]	0~+10ℓ/min [0~0.35 ft³/min.]		
Measurement flow rate range	Converted volume flow rate at 20°C [68°F], 1 atm [14.7 psi.]				
Response	5 ms or less (95% response to stepped changes in flow rate)				
Output signal	DC1~5V (nonlinear characteristics), Allowable load resistance 10 k Ω or more				
Operating temperature range	0~50°C [32~122°F] (for both ambient temperature and measured media temperature)				
Storage temperature range	-10~60°C [14~140°F]				
Operating and storage humidity range	10~80%RH (no condensation)				
Operating pressure range	-100~+200 kPa [-14.5~29.0 psi.] (Pressure characteristic warranty range is -70~+200 kPa [-10.2~29.0 psi.])				
Proof pressure	300 kPa [43.5 psi.]				
Output voltage accuracy	±5%FS MAX.	±5%FS MAX.	±5%FS MAX.		
	0.0ℓ/min [0.000 ft.³/min.]: 3.00±0.15V	0.0ℓ/min [0.000 ft³/min.]: 3.00±0.20V	0.0ℓ/min [0.000 ft.³/min.]: 1.00±0.20V		
Standard flow rate	0.5ℓ/min [0.018 ft₃/min.]: 3.88±0.15V	0.1 ℓ/min [0.004 ft³/min.]: 3.77±0.20V	3.0ℓ/min [0.106 ft3/min.]: 3.89±0.15V		
characteristics	1.5ℓ/min [0.053 ft₃/min.]: 4.49±0.15V	0.3ℓ/min [0.011 ft³/min.]: 4.53±0.20V	5.0 l/min [0.177 ft3/min.]: 4.46±0.15V		
	3.0ℓ/min [0.106 ft.³/min.]: 5.00±0.20V	0.5ℓ/min [0.018 ft³/min.]: 5.00±0.20V	10.0ℓ/min [0.353 ft ³ /min.]: 5.00±0.20V		
Demostaleillite	±3.5%FS MAX.	±2%FS MAX.	土6%FS MAX.		
Repeatability	Assuming the same temperature and pressure conditions at time of measurement				
B	±0.01%FS/kPa	±0.01%FS/kPa	±0.01%FS/kPa (0~+200 kPa [0~29.0 psi.])		
Pressure characteristics	In −70~+200 kPa [−10.2	2~29.0 psi.] pressure range	±0.03%FS/kPa (-70~0 kPa [-10.2~0 psi.])		
T	0.0ℓ/min [0.000 ft.³/min.]: ±0.1%FS/°C	0.0ℓ/min [0.000 ft.³/min.]: ±0.1%FS/°C	0.0ℓ/min [0.000 ft.³/min.]: ±0.1%FS/°C		
Temperature characteristics	1.5 ℓ/min [0.053 ft³/min.]: ±0.15%FS/°C	0.3 ℓ/min [0.011 ft.³/min.]: ±0.15%FS/°C	5.0ℓ/min [0.177 ft.³/min.]: ±0.2%FS/°C		
Power supply voltage	DC24V (supplied from sensor controller)				
Allowable voltage fluctuation range	In the DC21.6 \sim 26.4V range, \pm 2%FS or less in relation to output value at DC24V ^{Note 2}				
Output stabilization time	Time required to come within ±5%FS of final attained voltage (flow rate): Instantaneous				
Output stabilization time	Time required to come within \pm 1%FS of final attained voltage (flow rate): Within 10 sec.				
Consumption current	12 mA MAX.				
Dielectric strength	Between all external connector terminals and body: AC500V for 1 min., or AC600V for 1 sec.				
Insulation resistance	Between all external connector terminals and body: 50 M Ω (at DC500V megger)				
Connection method	M5 female thread (brass insertion), tightening torque at 2.5 N·m [1.84 ft-lbf] or less				
Material	Gas contact part: PPS plastic (flow path body), ceramic (substrate), brass (connections) Cover part: PC plastic (polycarbonate)				
Mounting direction	Any direction except where cover part faces downward				
Mounting conditions	When using the mounting holes on this device, use M3 screws and a tightening torque of 0.6 N·m [5.3in·lbf] or less. In addition, install a filter upstream from the device that is capable of collecting dust and mist particles of 10μ m or larger.				
Straight piping length	Unnecessary either upstream or downstream from the device				
Vibration resistance	$10\sim55$ Hz, total amplitude 1.5 mm [0.059 in.], XYZ directions each two hours				
Mass		9 g [0.32 oz.]			
	Cable with dedicated connector				
Electrical connection (special connectors)	Flow rate sensor heads side: SM03B-SRSS-G-TB made by JST Mfg. Co., Ltd. Mating side: SHR-03V-S-B (housing), SSH-003GA-P0.2 (contact) made by JST Mfg Co., Ltd.				

Notes: 1. The %FS in the table assumes full-scale output voltage of 4V (1~5V).
2. Near the upper limit of the measurement flow rate range, output fluctuation after flow rate stabilization can be generated up to a maximum of ±1%FS (amount of drift 500 seconds after flow rate stabilization).

Flow Rate Sensor Head Flow Rate and Output Characteristics Graphs



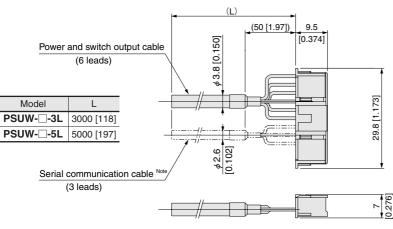


6.4 0.252]

Model	L
PSUK-3L	3000 [118]
PSUK-5L	5000 [197]

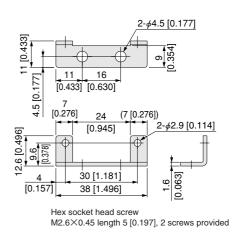


● PSUW-□-□

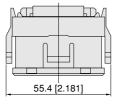




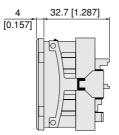
• PSU-BR



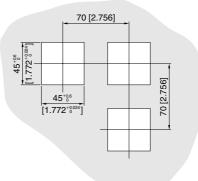
• **PSU-**-**P** (Drawings for panel mounting)







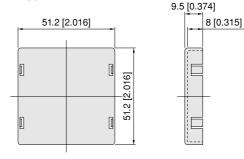
• Dimensions of cut panel for sensor controller mounting



Notes: 1. The mounting plate thickness should be 1~3.2 mm.

- [0.039~0.126in.].
- If mounting in a series, space the units at intervals of the value shown in the figure above or greater.
 Conforms to DIN43700 standard.

• KB100

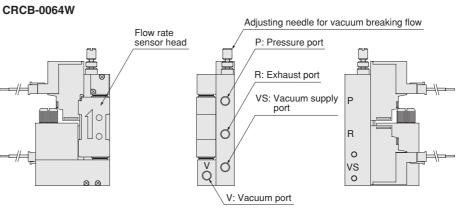


MULTI-CHANNEL FLOW RATE SENSOR CONTROLLERS

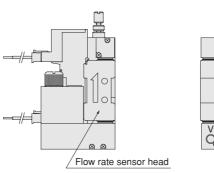
Special Products

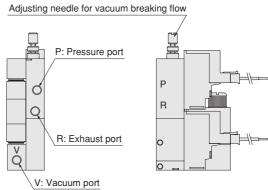


• Vacuum Valve Unit with flow rate sensor



• Micro ejector with flow rate sensor CRCB-0065W





Note: For detailed specification and dimension, consult us.