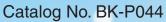
KOGANEI

http://www.koganei.co.jp

product





Electrostatic Potential Sensor RoHS compliant

Introducing small sensors perfect for monitoring static electricity in-line!

These sensors can constantly monitor and measure the static electricity on assembly lines, which would be difficult with handheld measuring devices.

The integrated amplifier allows for low cost and total space saving.

Enables electrostatic control on production line

Constant monitoring of invisible static electricity can be performed without expending manhours on electrostatic measurement or controls.

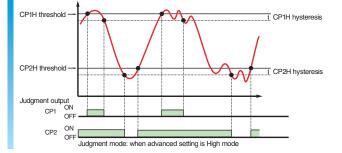
Electrostatic controls through constant monitoring can be performed in measurement locations difficult to reach with handy-type measuring instruments.

2 output types

These sensors are provided with an output type that can do analog output, and a switch output type that can do judgment output.

Judgment output function(switch output type only)

If a judgement threshold is set, notification is made by a sensor LED and voltage comparison output (judgment output).



Three operation mode patterns are available

Selectable from the standard mode, high voltage mode, and ion balance monitor mode.

- Standard mode
- Measurement distance of 6 to 15 mm [0.236 to 0.591 in]. ±1000 V range 16 to 100 mm [0.630 to 3.9 in], ±2000 V range
- High voltage mode Measurement distance of 6 to 15 mm [0.236 to 0.591 in], ±10.00 kV range 16 to 100 mm [0 630 to 3 9 in] +20 00 kV range
- Ion balance monitor mode Measures the ion balance of the ionizer

With zero calibration function switch

The zero calibration function can be used to adjust the current measured value to 0V. (Settings can be done within a -200 V \leq measured value \leq +200 V range. Input and communication can be done with the switch on the product and zero calibration.)



Compact size

These are 46% of the volume, compared to existing EP sensor. The total space has been reduced due to the ability to directly connect to an external control device without the use of an amplifier, etc.

Use computer support software to set the electrostatic potential sensor

You can set the electrostatic potential sensor by using the support software on a computer.

Settings are via RS485 communication. You can also acquire logs.



*Download the support software from Koganei's homepage (free of charge).

Enables confirmation of ionizer performance with ion balance measurement function

Easy checking of simple ion balance by mounting a monitor plate^{note}. Note: Monitor plate is optional.

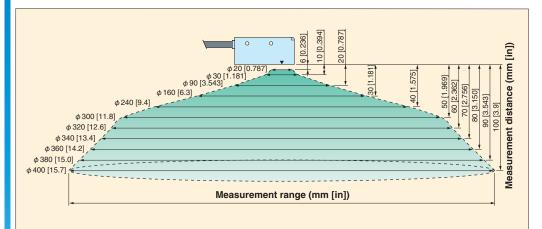




* For the distance between the ionizer and monitor plate, see the recommended minimum position distances set by each ionizer manufacturer.



Measurement distance and measurement range/measured voltage range



Measurement distance and measurement range

	mm [in]		mm [in]
Measured distance	Measurement range	Measured distance	Measurement range
6 [0.236]	φ20 [0.787]	50 [1.969]	φ 300 [11.8]
10 [0.394]	φ 30 [1.181]	60 [2.362]	φ 320 [12.6]
15 [0.591]	φ 60 [2.362]	70 [2.756]	φ 340 [13.4]
20 [0.787]	φ 90 [3.543]	80 [3.150]	φ 360 [14.2]
30 [1.181]	φ 160 [6.3]	90 [3.543]	φ 380 [15.0]
40 [1.575]	φ240 [9.4]	100 [3.9]	φ 400 [15.7]

Note:Anything that disturbs an electric field (relays, solenoids, metal objects, etc.) between the vicinity of the electrostatic potential sensor and the sensor for the object being measured can affect measured values.

Measurement distance and measured voltage range

Measurement distance	Standar	rd mode	High voltage mode	
(mm [in])	Range [V]	Resolution [V]	Range [kV]	Resolution [V]
6 to 15 [0.236 to 0.591]	±1000	1	±10.00	10
16 to 50 [0.630 to 1.969]	±2000	1	±20.00	10
51 to 100 [2.008 to 3.9]	±2000	2	±20.00	20

 * The ion balance mode has a range of \pm 1000 V and resolution of 1 V.

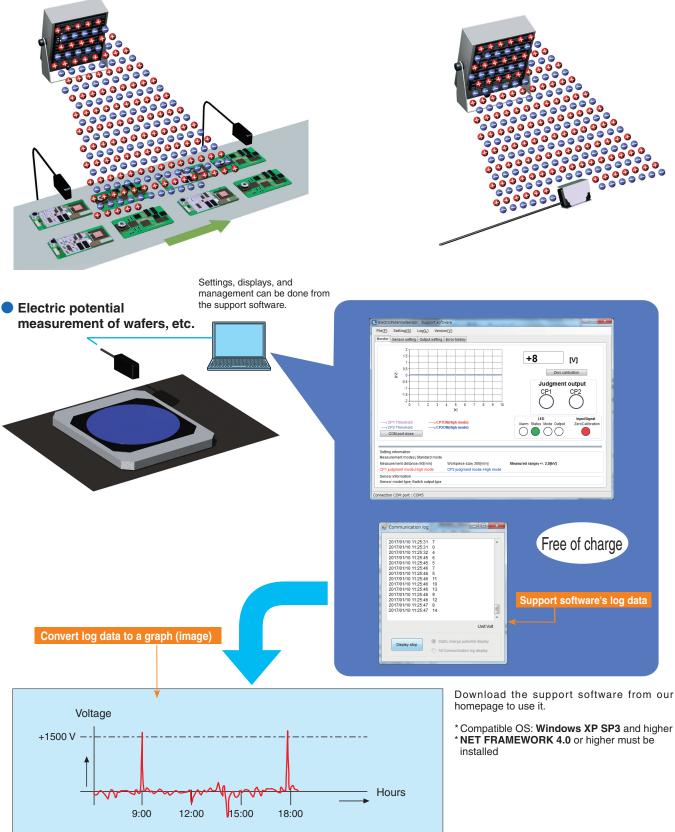
* Resolution capacity is for measuring an object that exceeds the measurement range. If the object being measured is smaller than the measurement range, the workpiece size can be set to compensate the amount of static charge that is output, but the resolution capacity will degrade.

Likewise, when the amount of static charge is within a \pm 50 V range (a \pm 500 V range in high voltage mode), the resolution capacity degrades more than that noted in the above table.

Application Examples

Measure the potential before and after elimination

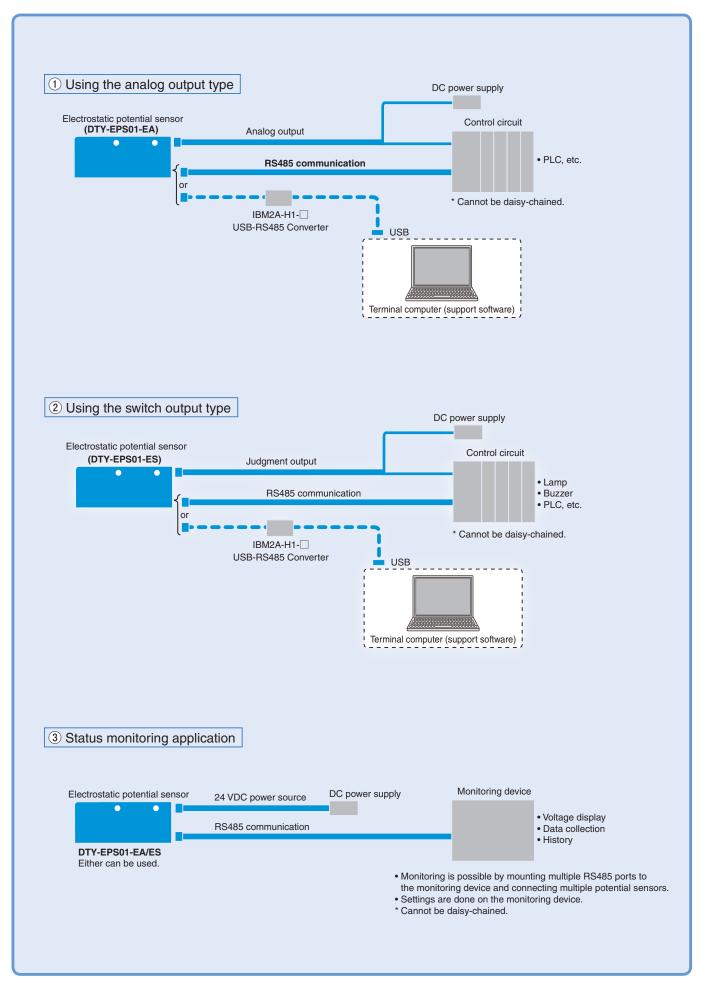
Mount the monitor plate and measure the ion balance of the ionizer



This is an example for which the spreadsheet software's graph display function was used (image).

You can quickly determine the cause when abnormalities occur!

Connection Patterns





General precautions

CAUTION

- 1. The product is an industrial sensor; it is not a meter for measuring absolute electric potential. Its measurement accuracy is not 100% guaranteed.
- 2. For the DC power source, use a power source that has 24 VDC output voltage with double or reinforced insulation between the input and output. For the DC power source, use a power source below 24 V/4 A (100 W).

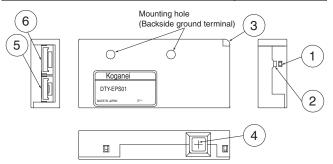
Wiring

- 1. When using a power supply with a commercially available switching regulator, be sure to connect a frame ground (F.G.).
- When using devices that generate noise (switching regulator, inverter motor, etc.) in the vicinity of the installed electrostatic potential sensor, be sure to connect a frame ground (F.G.) to the devices.
- **3.** After completing wiring work, check to make sure that all connections are correct.
- **4.** Wiring for the electrostatic potential sensor should be within 30 m [98.425 ft] as stipulated by EN standards.

Other

- 1. Check fluctuations in the power source to confirm they do not exceed the ratings before turning on the power.
- **2.** Avoid use during the transitional state (0.5 second) when the power is turned on.
- **3.** Never use a needle or any other sharp pointed object to perform key operations.

Names and functions for the electrostatic potential sensor



_		
	Name	Description
1	Measurement mode switch/measurement modes	Press and hold for 5 seconds: switches Zero calibration switch Under 5 seconds: starts zero calibration
2	LED for measurement modes (blue)	In standard mode: unlit, in high voltage mode: lit, in ion balance mode: flashing
3	Indicator LED (green/ red/blue)	reen LED lit: normal Measurement value over range: red LED lit Error detected: green LED goes out, red LED lights Judgment output is on: yellow LED lit *switch output type only
(4)	Static charge potential measuring element	Use facing the static charge potential measuring element toward the object to be measured.
(5)	Communication connector (COM2)	Connect the communication cable or the cable for the USB-RS485 converter
6	Power and signal connectors (COM1)	Connect the power and signal cable

Measurement

If consistent measurements are needed, we recommend waiting 10 minutes or more after turning on the power before using the sensor. The measured values may fluctuate slightly immediately after the power is turned on because the circuits have not stabilized. After turning on the power, measurement starts after the green LED has flashed for 2 seconds. Furthermore, judgment output is after the data output cycle has elapsed.

Zero calibration

Zero calibration sets the measured value as 0 V for the standard potential, and 0 V potential is read.

Z.C. signal: Turn on the zero calibration (close the contact). The yellow LED flashes for 2 seconds. After that, it goes out. Zero calibration can also be done with the switch on the potential sensor.

Press the measurement range switch/zero calibration switch on the side of the potential sensor.

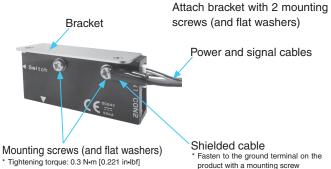
The yellow LED flashes for 2 seconds. After that, it goes out.

Note: Do not push and hold for 5 seconds during zero calibration. If you press and hold it for more than 5 seconds, the measurement range will change. If it happens to change, press and hold the switch again for more than 5 seconds to change it back to the measurement mode.

Installation

- 1. Install the surface of the measuring part of the potential sensor so it is parallel to the surface to be measured on the object from which to remove the static charge.
- If the installation location is subject to vibrations, it may affect the accuracy of the measurements. Install the sensor where there are no vibrations.
- **3.** Use high-strength frames and other hardware for installing the product. If it is not strong, it may affect the accuracy of the measurements. Also, be sure to use screws to mount the product.
- 4. Be careful to not overtighten the mounting screws when mounting the potential sensor on the mounting bracket. Doing so could damage or break the product. (Recommended tightening torque for the mounting screws: 0.3 N•m [0.221 in•lbf])
- **5.** The measured electric potential is related to the proximity of and distance to the objects from which to remove the charge. Install it so the distance is as accurate as possible.
- 6. Always ground the potential sensor, because it has an effect on the accuracy of measurements. The cable or the mounting holes in the potential sensor are the ground.
- 7. If it is not possible to avoid some voltage in the installation location, use appropriate insulation. If you do not use insulation, it will affect not only the measured values, but it may also create a ground or short circuit.
- 8. The potential sensor measures the strength of the electric field, and then calculates the voltage value. Therefore, note that anything near the sensor or between the sensor and the object from which a charge is being removed that disrupts the magnetic field (such as relays, solenoids, metal scraps, etc.) affects the measured values.
- 9. The measurements will not be consistent if the sensor is installed near an ionizer. Install the sensor so it is as far away as possible. Installing the potential sensor on a straight line through the object from which to remove the charge and the ionizer may have an effect on the accuracy of measurements.





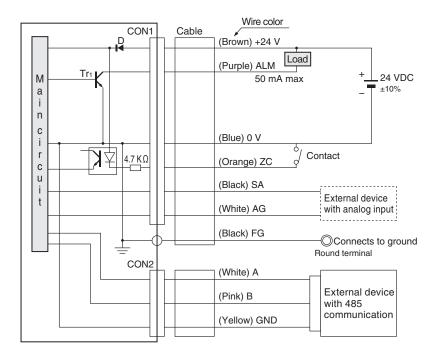
Electrostatic Potential Sensor Specifications

	Model	Analog output type	Switch output type			
Item		DTY-EPS01-EA	DTY-EPS01-ES			
Voltage	[V]	24 VDC ±10%				
Current	[mA]	max 50				
Indicator light		Power LED (green): lit when power is on				
		Indicator LED (blue) for settings mode: not lit in standard mode; lit in high voltage mode; flashes in ion balance mode				
		Indicator LED (red) for abnormalities: lit when over range or sensor abnormality occurs				
		-	Indicator LED (yellow) for switch: lit during switch output			
		1 to 5 V analog output 1				
Analog output ^{Note 1}		(Zero-point 3 V, full scale 4 V)	-			
		(Output impedance approximately 100 Ω)				
		Alarm output 1	Judgment output 2			
		(NPN open collector output)	Alarm output 1			
Output			(NPN open collector output)			
		(24 VDC ±10%/max 50 mA)	(24 VDC ±10%/max 50 mA)			
		(Internal voltage drop max 0.3 V @ 5 mA/max 1.0 V @ 50 mA)	(Internal voltage drop max 0.3 V @ 5 mA/max 1.0 V @ 50 mA)			
		Zero calibration input 1				
Input		(Shared 24 VDC output voltage power source, input current 4.8 mA @ 24 VDC, input impedance 4.7 k Ω)				
		* Zero calibration is within ± 200 V				
Measurement distance	(mm [in])					
Measurement range	(mm [in])	φ20 to φ400 [0.787 to 15.7]				
Accuracy		±5% F.S.				
Data output cycle	[ms]	10				
Bata output cycle	[113]	Smoothing: 50, 100, 200, 500, 1000 (depending on the setting)				
Settings mode		Ion balance mode/Standar	d mode/High voltage mode			
Button settings		1 pc.				
		(Measurement mode switch/Zero calibration)				
Communication I/F			communication			
Temperature characteristi	ics		0 to 104°F], standard of 25°C [77°F])			
Usage environment		· · ·	% (non-condensation, non-freezing)			
Storage environment		-20 to 60°C [-68 to 140°F] (non-condensation, non-freezing)				
Case material		Conductive ABS resin				
External dimensions	mm [in]					
Weight	g [oz]					
	-	1 L shaped mounting bracket with mounting screws, 2 flat washers				
Accessories		Attached according to order code				
		1 power and signal cable (blank: none, -3L: 3 m cable, -10L: 10 m cable)				
		1 communication cable (blank: none, -1RLN: 1 m cable, -3RLN: 3 m cable, -10RLN: 10 m cable)				

Note 1: If the electric charge goes over in the positive direction of the measured range, 5.2 V is output. If it goes over in the negative direction, 0.7 V is output. Do not short circuit the analog output.
 Remark: If no measurement conditions are specified, the temperature range is 25°C [77°F].

Output Circuit for the Electrostatic Potential Sensor and Cable Signal Table

Analog output type

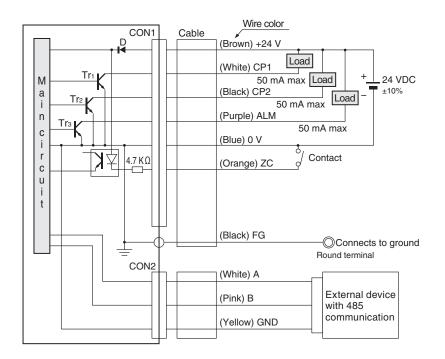


Cable signal table (analog output type)

Number	Name	Input/output	Cable color	Description
1	0 V Note	-	Blue	Power supply GND
2	+24 V	-	Brown	Power supply +24
3	Z.C	Input	Orange	Zero calibration input
4	ALM	Output	Purple	Sensor abnormality
5	AG Note	-	White	Analog GND
6	SA	Output	Black	Analog output (1 to 5 V)

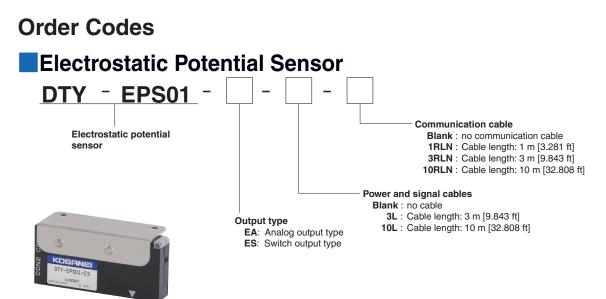
Note: The 0 V (power ground), AG (analog ground), and ground terminal are internally connected.

Switch output type



Number	Name	Input/output	Cable color	Description
1	0 V	—	Blue	Power source GND
2	+24 V	—	Brown	Power supply +24
3	Z.C	Input	Orange	Zero calibration input
4	ALM	Output	Purple	Sensor abnormality
5	CP1	Output	White	Judgment output 1
6	CP2	Output	Black	Judgment output 2
Note: T	Note: The O.V. (nower ground) and ground terminal are connected			

Note: The 0 V (power ground) and ground terminal are connected inside.



Note: L shaped mounting bracket (mounting screws and flat washers, 2 each) are included for mounting to the electrostatic potential sensor.

Additional parts (to be ordered separately)

Component bracket

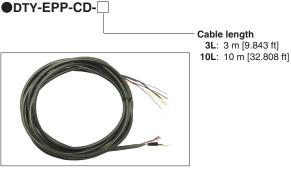
Power and signal cables



Monitor plate
DTY-EPP-MP01



Communication cable



USB-RS485 Converter ●IBM2A-H1-

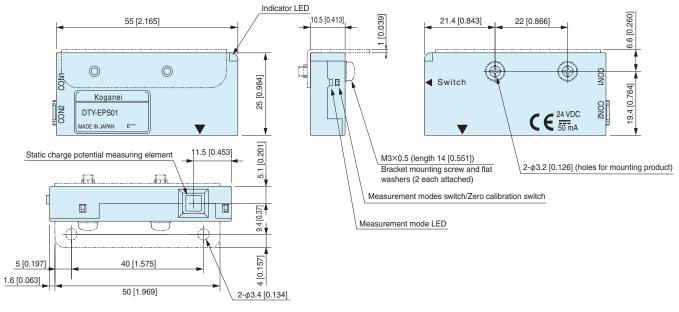


Cable included Blank : USB (mini-B) ⇔ USB (A), male N : Cable not included

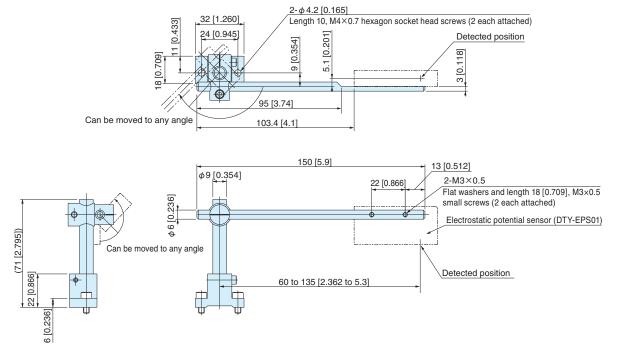
Cable length 1RLN : 1 m [3.281 ft] 3RLN : 3 m [9.843 ft] 10RLN: 10 m [32.808 ft]

Electrostatic potential sensor

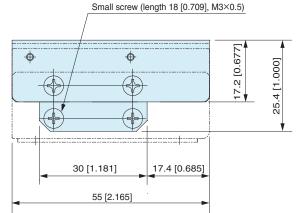
●DTY-EPS01-□

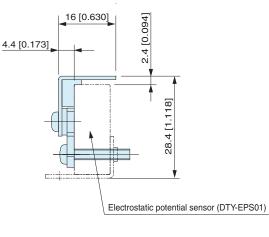


Component bracket •DTY-EPP-BR2

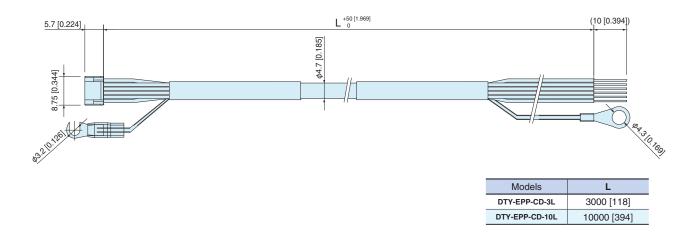


Monitor plate • DTY-EPP-MP01

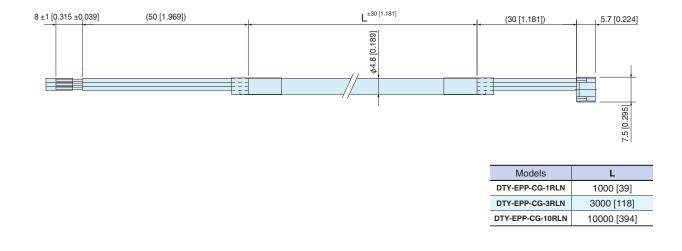




Power source and signal cables for the electrostatic potential sensor $\tilde{\tilde{DTY-EPP-CD-}}$



Communication cables for the electrostatic potential sensor $\ensuremath{\bullet}\ensuremath{\mathsf{DTY-EPP-CG-}}\xspace$



*Read the safety precautions and common precautions on the ionizer general catalog homepage before using this produce.





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Note that improvements may result in unannounced changes to the specifications and appearances described here.
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